

REVELATION

Introduction

- Matthew 24:21
 - The word translated “revelation” simply means “_____.”
 - This study should impact our walk with the Lord – 2 Peter 3:11-14; Titus 2:11-13
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Background Information

- **Who**
 - The apostle J_____.
 - Revelations 1:1-2
 - Revelations 22:16
 - **When**
 - John wrote Revelation between a.d. 90-100, during the reign of the Roman emperor Titus Flavius Domitian.
 - Revelation 1:9
 - **Why**
 - Revelation 22:18-19
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Basic Outline

- **Three Timeframes of Revelation** – Revelation 1:10 (Lord’s day = great T_____ into 2nd _____). Revelation 1:19 “*Write the things which thou hast seen, and the things which are, and the things which shall be hereafter;*”
 - **P**_____ – “*hast seen*”
 - Revelation 2-3
 - C_____ Age. From C_____ to R_____.
 - **P**_____ – “*things which are*”
 - Revelation 4-19
 - Description of the T_____ leading into the 2nd coming.

- **F**_____ – “*thing which shall be*”
 - Revelation 20-22
 - M_____ reign and eternity f_____.

- ***Two Openings of Heaven*** – these two markers frame three divisions.

- Someone goes _____ - Revelation 4:1
- Someone comes _____ - Revelation 19:11

- ***Four Accounts of the Tribulation*** (between chap 4-19).

- **The S**_____ (Rev 4-6)
 - Marker #1 (Second Advent) – Rev 6:12-17 (v.17)
 - Marker #2 (earthquake) – Rev. 6:12
- **The T**_____ (Rev 7-11)
 - Marker #1: Rev 11:15-19 (v.15)
 - Marker #2: Rev 11:13
- **The P**_____ (Rev 12-14)
 - Marker #1: Rev 14:14-20 (v.14)
 - Marker #2: _____.
- **The V**_____ (Rev 15-19)
 - Marker #1: Rev 19:11-21 (v.11)
 - Marker #2: Rev 16:18